

EATING FISH IS GOOD FOR YOUR HEALTH. **BUT WHICH FISHES ARE BEST FOR YOU?**

Compiled by SEAwise researchers, this personalised seafood recommendation for consumers provides information on which species we should be eating as part of a healthy diet. Based on our individual dietary needs, this work focused especially on nutrients not easily accessible from other foods — iodine, selenium, vitamin D, vitamin B12, and Omega-3 fatty acids.







Consume fish weekly: 1-2 servings of seafood per week and up to 3-4 servings per week



Eat as few as possible fried or breaded fish products. Avoid ultra-processed fish products



Alternate fatty fish and lean fish



Choose sustainably sourced fish

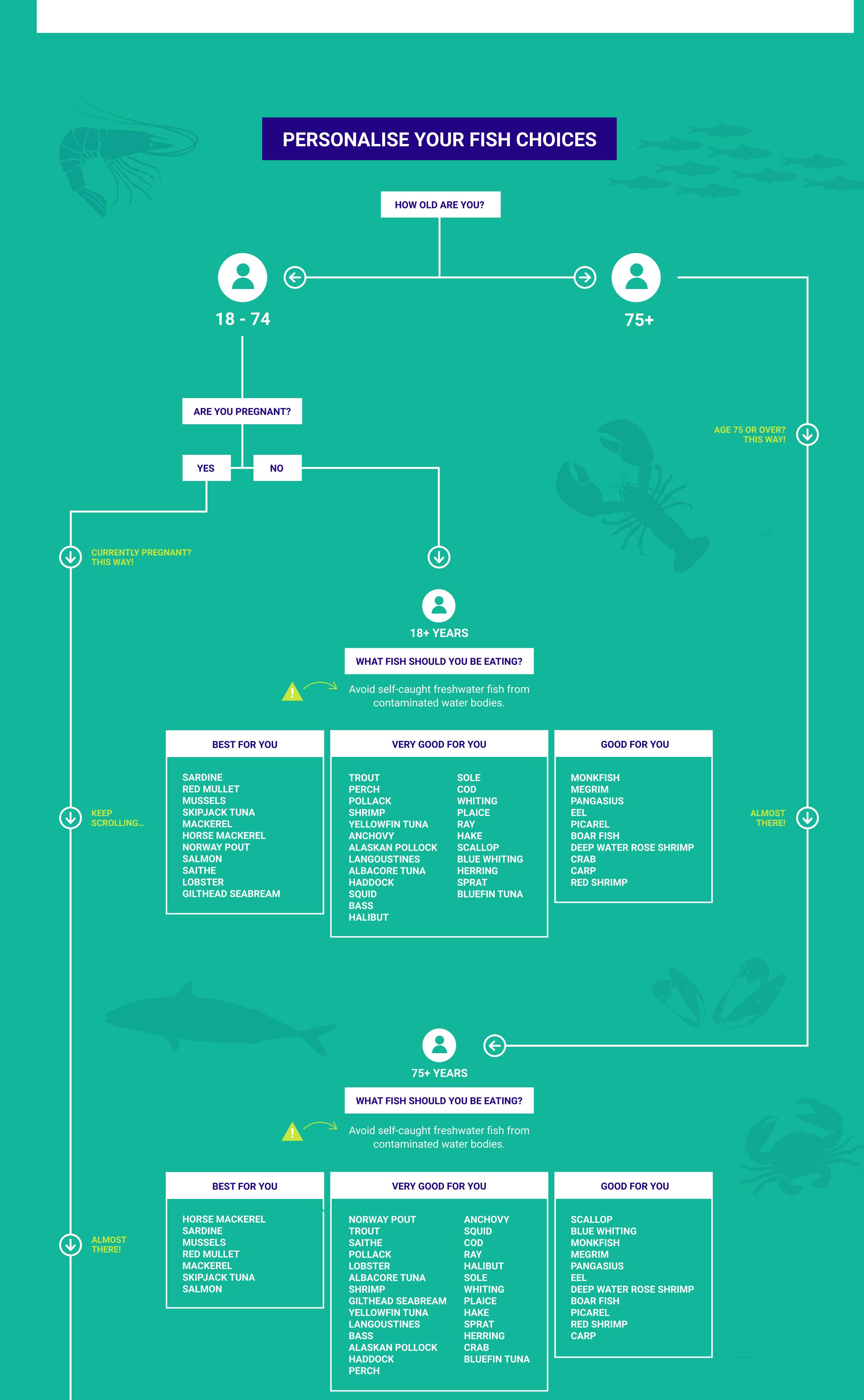


Vary species and locations (especially for large consumers), to limit exposure to contaminants



You can choose from fresh, frozen, and canned products, for dried fish products choose those with less salt





WHAT FISH SHOULD YOU BE EATING? Lactating and pregnant women should avoid fish and seafood that are at the

top of the food chain (e.g. shark, large tuna, swordfish, pike), as they may

contain higher concentrations of pollutants. Avoid self-caught freshwater fish

PREGNANT

from contaminated water bodies. **VERY GOOD FOR YOU GOOD FOR YOU BEST FOR YOU**

SARDINE MUSSELS RED MULLET HORSE MACKEREL MACKEREL SKIPJACK TUNA SALMON TROUT SAITHE HADDOCK LOBSTER NORWAY POUT GILTHEAD SEABREAM	ALBACORE TUNA YELLOWFIN TUNA SPRAT PERCH LANGOUSTINES POLLACK COD SHRIMP BASS ALASKAN POLLOCK ANCHOVY	SQUID HALIBUT SOLE RAY WHITING PLAICE SCALLOP CRAB HERRING	HAKE BLUE WHITING MONKFISH MEGRIM PANGASIUS EEL BOAR FISH DEEP WATER ROSE SHRIMP PICAREL RED SHRIMP CARP
		∠ HAVEN'T I	FOUND THE AGE



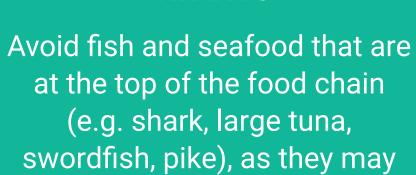
KEEP SCROLLING...

CATEGORY YOU ARE LOOKING FOR?



Other age groups, below the age of 18 should follow the same recommended fish guidance for 18+ adults, but additionally follow the specific guidance listed below.





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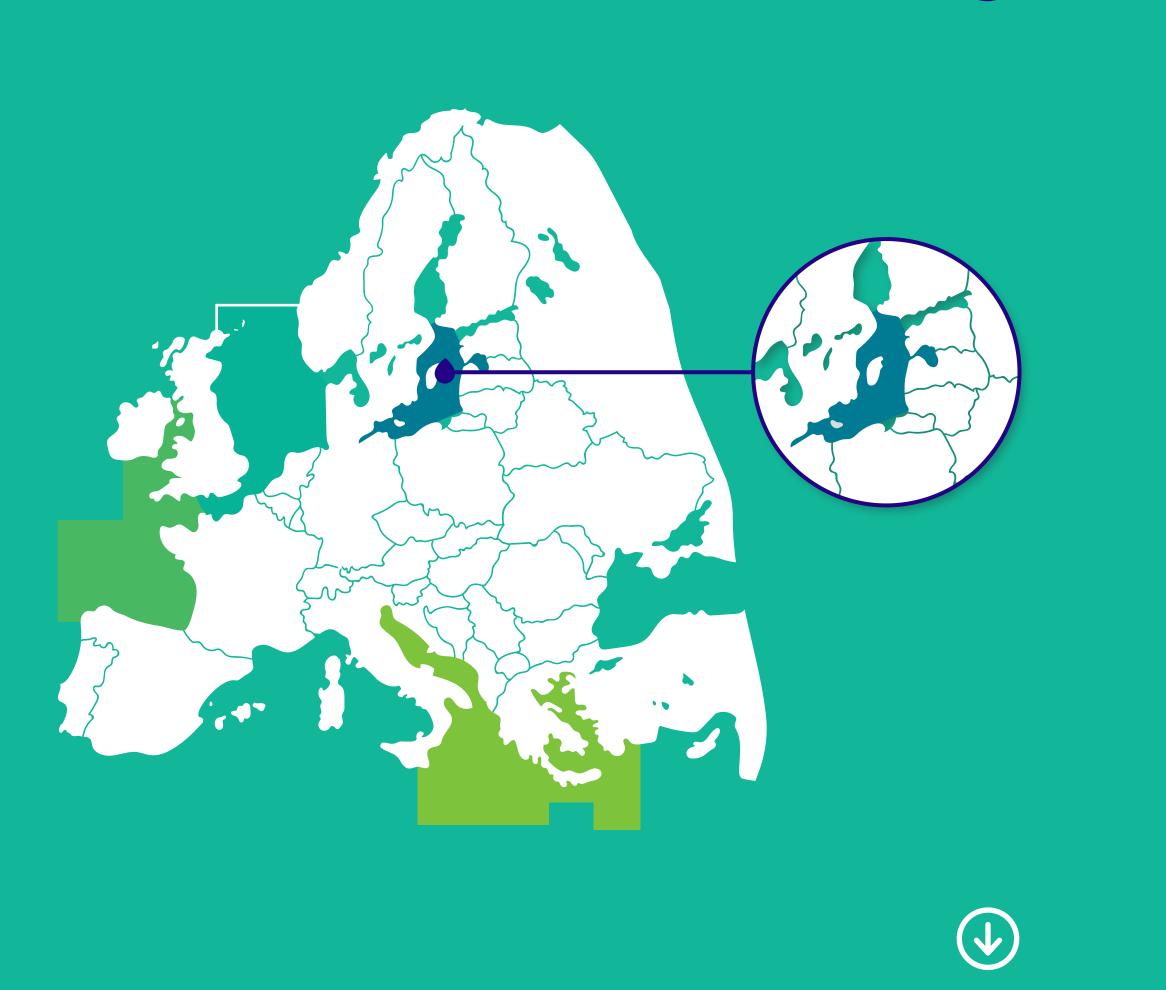
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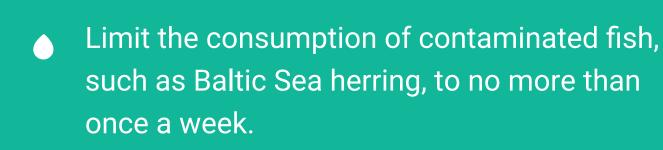
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CONTINUE FOR LOCATION

DO YOU EAT FISH FROM THE BALTIC?





- The recommendation applies to wild-caught salmon, trout and herring from all over the Baltic Sea.
- Read the packaging or ask in the market to find out where the fish is from.

* This advice refers to fish and shellfish collectively as fish. ** As consumption patterns for seafood vary considerably across Europe, for more specific guidance consult your national guidelines.



THE RIGHT VARIETY FOR YOU

Packed with vitamins and minerals hard to find anywhere else, and an excellent source of Omega-3s, eating fish is good for your health. This personalised guide will help you choose your seafood when you are shopping, and ensure you are getting the right variety specific to your health needs. Simply screenshot or make a note of your species list and use it as a guide the next time you go to the supermarket, fish market or restaurant. Remember variety is key!

